

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Farmoz

Simanex® 600 SC

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 600 g/L SIMAZINE

GROUP **C** HERBICIDE

Controls weeds in Almonds (SA only), Asparagus, Berry Fruit, Chickpeas, Faba Beans, Field Lupins, Gladioli, Hops, Orchards, TT-Canola, Vineyards and other crops as specified in the Directions for Use table.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE: HORTICULTURE AND ORNAMENTALS

CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE			CRITICAL COMMENTS		
			Per hectare	Per 100 L	Per 15 L knapsack			
Almonds established for 3 years	Annual Ryegrass, Annual Thistles, Barley Grass, Barnyard Grass,	SA only	1.4 to 2.9 L	95 to 185 mL	21 to 38 mL	Apply to bare moist soil immediately after cultivation and before weed emergence. Lower rates (825 mL to 1.4 L/ha) can be used in combination with other pre-emergence herbicides to enhance their broadleaf weed control.		
Apples and Pears	Bindy-eye, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Chickweed, Common Sow Thistle, Creeping Oxalis, Fat-hen, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Nettles, Potato Weed, Powell's Amaranth, Red Root Amaranth, Redshank,	Qld only	5.8 L	–	–	Apply to bare moist soil. Use the highest rate in heavy soil.		
		NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	2.7 to 3.8 L	135 to 185 mL	25 to 38 mL			
Asparagus	Shepherd's Purse, Slim Amaranth, Turnips (not NSW), Wild Mustard, Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed (not Tas)	All States	1.9 to 3.8 L	–	–	Apply to bare moist soil after last cultivation and before spear emergence. Use the highest rate on heavy soils, also for Wild Oats.		
Berry fruits (Boysenberries, Currants, Loganberries, Raspberries) established for 12 months	Suppression of Soursob					Apply to bare moist soil on established plants only. DO NOT apply to foliage or when fruit is present. Use the highest rate for Wild Oats.		
Citrus established for 12 months						95 to 185 mL	21 to 38 mL	Apply to bare moist soil immediately after cultivation and before weed emergence.
Gladioli						1.8 L	95 mL/ approx 500 m ²	21 mL/ approx 100 m ²
Hops			1.9 to 3.8 L	–	–	Apply to bare moist soil in late Winter, before Hop emergence. Hops should be covered by 50 mm of soil.		

HORTICULTURE AND ORNAMENTALS – continued

CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE			CRITICAL COMMENTS
			Per hectare	Per 100 L	Per 15 L knapsack	
Roses established 12 months	Annual Ryegrass, Annual Thistles, Barley Grass, Barnyard Grass, Bindy-eye, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Chickweed, Common Sow Thistle, Creeping Oxalis, Fat-hen, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Nettles, Potato Weed, Powell's Amaranth, Red Root Amaranth, Redshank, Shepherd's Purse, Slim Amaranth, Summer Grass, Turnips (not NSW), Wild Mustard, Wimmera, Ryegrass, Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed (not Tas) Suppression of Soursob	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	1.9 to 3.8 L	95 to 185 mL	21 to 38 mL	Apply to bare moist soil. Use the highest rate in heavy soil.
Vineyards Vines established for 3 years in Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, WA	Annual Ryegrass, Annual Thistles, Barley Grass, Barnyard Grass, Bindy-eye, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Chickweed, Common Sow Thistle, Creeping Oxalis, Fat-hen, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Nettles, Potato Weed, Powell's Amaranth, Red Root Amaranth, Redshank, Shepherd's Purse, Slim Amaranth, Turnips (not NSW), Wild Mustard, Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed (not Tas) Suppression of Soursob	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	1.9 to 3.8 L	95 to 185 mL	21 to 38 mL	Use lowest rates on sandy alkaline soils.
		Qld only	5.8 L	–	–	

FIELD CROPS AND PASTURES

CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Canola – (Triazine Tolerant varieties only) Pre-emergence or post-sowing pre-emergence only	Capeweed, Charlock, Clover, Corn Cromwell, Doublegee, Fumitories, Geraniums, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, London Rocket, Mustards, Turnips, Paterson's Curse, Shepherd's Purse, Silver Grass (Vulpia). Suppression of Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Wild Oats and Wild Radish	All States	1.7 to 3.3 L	Important: This use is subject to adherence to the INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT STRATEGY for TT-Canola. See General Instructions: Integrated Weed Management Strategy for TT-Canola. Can be applied up to a week before sowing or post-sowing pre-emergence (ideally incorporated by harrows). For best results apply to bare moist soil, either immediately before seeding or as a pre-emergence treatment at or within 7 days of planting. Sufficient rainfall (20-30 mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. When applied before seeding, incorporate to a depth of 5 cm.

FIELD CROPS AND PASTURES

CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Chickpeas	Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Capeweed, Corn Cromwell, Fumitories, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Rough Poppy, Mustards, Turnips, Volunteer Canola (not triazine tolerant cultivars), Wireweed Suppression of Brome Grass, Wild Oats	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	830 mL to 1.7 L plus 830 mL Farnoz Trilogy® Herbicide	Apply to bare, moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Use this mixture where Annual Ryegrass and Wild Oats are the major problem. Sufficient rainfall (20-30 mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Use the lower rate on light sandy soils.
	Capeweed, Clover, Dock, Doublegee, Mustard, Radish, Self Sown Cereals, Silver Grass, Turnip Suppression of Barley Grass, Ryegrass, Wild Oats	WA only	830 mL to 1.7 L	For best results apply to bare moist soils, either immediately before seeding or as a pre-emergence treatment at or within 7 days of planting. Sufficient rainfall (20-30 mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Results can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and chickpeas are sown into a dry or low moisture seedbed. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. When applied before seeding, incorporation by the sowing operation should not be greater than 5 cm. Use 830 mL to 1.25 L on lighter soils and in the Nth Agricultural areas, and up to 1.7 L on heavier soil types. DO NOT use on whitish or grey sands.
	Deadnettle, Indian Hedge Mustard, Lesser Swinecress, Milk Thistle, Prickly Lettuce, Purple Goosefoot, Shepherd's Purse, Turnip Weed, Wireweed Suppression of Black Bindweed, Paradoxa Grass	Qld, NSW, ACT, SA only	1.25 L plus 1.5 L Prometrex® 500	Apply immediately post-planting. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For reliable results significant rain (20 to 30 mm) is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of sowing.
	Milk Thistle (Common Sowthistle), Indian Hedge Mustard, Turnip Weed Suppression of Prickly Lettuce, Shepherd's Purse, Wireweed	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only	1.25 to 1.7 L	For best results apply to bare moist soils, immediately post-planting. Sufficient rainfall (20-30 mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Use the lower rate on light sandy soils.
Faba beans	Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Corn Gromwell (Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Fumitories, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Medics, Mustards, Paradoxa Grass, Saffron Thistle, Soursob, Volunteer Canola, Wireweed Suppression of Wild Oats	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	1.7 to 2.1 L	Apply either pre-seeding or immediately post-sowing which is preferred on light soils. Sow the crop at least 5 cm deep. Use the lowest rate on light soils. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For fully reliable results significant rainfall 20-30 mm, is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of sowing. DO NOT use rates higher than 1.7 L/ha on soils with pH 8/0 and above as unacceptable crop damage may occur.
			830 mL to 1.25 L plus 830 mL Farnoz Trilogy Herbicide	Apply to bare, moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Use this mixture where Annual Ryegrass and Wild Oats are the major problem. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Use the lower rate on light sandy soils. For reliable results significant rain (20 to 30 mm) is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of sowing.
Lupins	Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Capeweed, Corn Gromwell, Fumitories, Geraniums, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, Mustards, Paterson's Curse, Shepherd's Purse, Turnip Weed, Wild Turnip, Winter Grass Suppression of Brome Grass, Soursob, Wild Oats	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	Light soils 1.25 to 1.7 L Loam soils 2.1 to 3.3 L	Can be applied up to a week before sowing, or post-sowing pre-emergent (ideally incorporated by harrows). Best results are achieved when application is made to bare moist soil and when significant rain to wet the soil through the weed root zone (20-30 mm) occurs within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Results can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seedbed. Heavy, intense rainfall after application can cause crop damage. DO NOT apply to ridged or excessively cloddy soils. Apply 50 to 100 litres of spray per ha. Use a tank mix of SIMANEX 600 SC and 800 mL of Farnoz Trilogy Herbicide where annual ryegrass and wild oats are the major problem. Incorporate the tank mixture to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation of the tank mixture should be made within 4 hours of application.

FIELD CROPS AND PASTURES – continued

CROP/SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Lupins (where no weeds are present at time of sowing)	Capeweed, Clover, Dock, Doublegee, Mustard, Radish, Self-sown Cereals, Silver Grass, Turnip and suppression of Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Ryegrass and Wild Oats	WA only	Light soils 830 mL to 1.7 L	For best results apply to bare moist soil, either immediately before seeding or as a pre-emergent treatment at or within 7 days of planting. Sufficient rainfall to wet the soil through the weed root zone (20-30 mm) is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Results can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seedbed. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. When applied before seeding incorporation by the sowing operation should not be greater than 5 cm. Use 830 mL to 1.25 L/ha on yellow sands and 1.7 L/ha on all other types. DO NOT use on whitish or grey sands.
			Gravelly loam soils 1.7 to 2.5 L	
Lupins (where weeds are present at time of sowing)	Capeweed, Clover, Dock, Doublegee, Mustard, Radish, Self-sown Cereals, Silver Grass, Turnip Suppression of Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Ryegrass, Wild Oats	WA only	830 mL to 1.7 L/ha plus 1.25 L Farnoz Trilogy Herbicide	For best results apply the tank mix to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Application should not be made to ridged soil. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Use as a pre-emergent application only. Use this mixture where Annual Ryegrass and Wild Oats are the major problems. Sufficient rainfall to wet the soil through the weed root zone (20-30 mm) is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Results can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into dry or low moisture seedbed. Use 830 mL to 1.25 L/ha on yellow sands, 1.7 L/ha on all other soil types. When Brome Grass is a problem use 1.7 L/ha. DO NOT use on whitish or grey sands.
			830 mL to 1.25 L with the recommended rate of a knockdown herbicide	
Sub Clover established lucerne and perennial grass pastures	Rat's-tail Fescue, Squirrel-tail Fescue, Sand Fescue, Vulpia (Silvergrass)	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	830 mL to 1.3 L	Apply 6 to 10 weeks after emergence of the pasture, but not before the 3rd trifoliate leaf stage of sub clover. Best results are obtained from application to young, well grazed, and actively growing plants. Some damage to sub clover may occur especially at the higher rates. DO NOT apply to sandy soils and use the lower rates on light textured soils. Apply under moist soil conditions; rain following application enhances results. DO NOT apply to stressed plants. Insect infestations should be controlled and sub clover allowed to recover before the SIMANEX 600 SC is applied. DO NOT use herbicides for broadleaf weed control within 3 weeks of application.
		NSW, ACT, Vic only	830 mL to 1.25 L plus 100 to 160 mL of Spraytop® 250 SL	
		SA only	625 to 830 mL plus 100 to 160 mL of Spraytop® 250 SL	
	Rat's-tail Fescue, Vulpia (Silvergrass)	WA only	625 mL to 830 mL	Apply within 8 weeks of emergence of sub clover and grasses. Under conditions of good soil moisture control of other grasses and some broadleaf weeds may occur. Ensure that there is a good stand of subterranean clover present before spraying. Use the lower rate on light textured soils. DO NOT use with broadleaf weed herbicides within 3 weeks of using SIMANEX 600 SC. DO NOT tank mix with other herbicides or add crop oils or wetting agents. DO NOT use on medics, or red or white clover. DO NOT overlap when spraying, otherwise damage may be observed.

OTHER USES

CROP/SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Dams, tanks, troughs	Filamentous Blue-Green Algae	WA only	3.3 mL/1,000 L water	Mix in a convenient amount of water and apply when algae development is first noticed.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

HARVEST

ALL CROPS: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GRAZING

CANOLA : DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 15 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

SUB CLOVER: DO NOT GRAZE FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
DO NOT CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 21 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

CHICKPEAS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 9 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

FABA BEANS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

OTHER CROPS: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

INTRODUCTION

FARMOZ SIMANEX® 600 SC Herbicide is a pre-emergent herbicide which selectively controls certain broadleaf weeds and grasses in asparagus, canola (Triazine Tolerant varieties only), chickpeas, faba beans, berry fruits, citrus, almonds (SA only), gladioli, hops, pome fruits, roses, vineyards and lupins.

In non-agricultural and other crop areas applied at higher rates it will provide long control of a wide range of weeds and grasses. Established perennial species are not satisfactorily controlled.

Since the product enters weeds mainly through their roots its effectiveness depends on rainfall or irrigation after application to move it down into the weed root zone.

Duration and effectiveness of control depends on the amount of chemical applied, soil type, rainfall and particular weed species. When susceptible weeds start to appear uniformly the Simazine residue has probably dissipated.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

FARMOZ SIMANEX® 600 SC Herbicide is a **GROUP C HERBICIDE** member of the Triazine group of herbicides. This product has the photosynthesis inhibitor mode of action. For weed resistance management SIMANEX 600 SC is a Group C herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to SIMANEX 600 SC and other Group C herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by SIMANEX 600 SC or Group C herbicides. However resistance should not be assumed without first viewing the method of application, the coverage and the timing of application.

Resistance to SIMANEX 600 SC cannot be predicted and may occur at any time. It is not due to a fault in the product and FARMOZ Pty. Ltd. accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of SIMANEX 600 SC to control resistant weeds.

RESISTANT WEEDS REPORTING

Growers should collect plant or seed samples where weeds that are normally susceptible to atrazine and simazine may be resistant, get them tested and seek professional advice.

TO MINIMISE HERBICIDE RESISTANCE

- Avoid dry sowing in heavily weed infested paddocks. Wait for a weed germination after the opening rains in weedy paddocks. Use a pre-plant knockdown or cultivation. No weeds should be allowed to survive at this stage.
- Adapt the weed control program to the anticipated weed spectrum and pressure:
Broadleaf Weeds and Ryegrass: Use SIMANEX 600 SC or an atrazine 600 g/L product plus trifluralin pre-emergence. A follow-up with a Group A herbicide (if ryegrass is susceptible) or an atrazine 600 g/L product may be necessary.
Broadleaf Weeds only: Use an atrazine 600 g/L product post-emergence.
- DO NOT use an atrazine 600 g/L product or SIMANEX 600 SC if the area to be treated had a triazine herbicide applied to it last season.
- Watch for escapes, especially in paddocks with a long history of Group C herbicide use.
- DO NOT use Group C herbicides in consecutive years.

TO AVOID TRIAZINE CARRY-OVER

On acid soils (pH less than 6.5) – The maximum rate of an atrazine 600 g/L product or SIMANEX 600 SC or a combination of the two products to be applied to the crop during the growing season is 3.3 L/ha.

On alkaline soils (pH greater than 6.5) – The maximum rate of an atrazine 600 g/L product or SIMANEX 600 SC or a combination of the two products to be applied to the crop during the growing season is 1.7 L/ha.

Post-emergence use – It is recommended that an atrazine 600 g/L product only be used, and at rates of 1.7 L/ha or less, on both acid or alkaline soils.

INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT STRATEGY FOR TT-CANOLA

An Integrated Weed Management Strategy for TT-Canola (the Strategy) has been developed and funded by the Canola Association of Australia in cooperation with certain companies including FARMOZ Pty. Ltd.

The Strategy outlines recommendations, measures and options for weed management, including management of herbicide resistance in weed populations.

The Strategy is available from a FARMOZ representative and the Canola Association of Australia. A program has been developed that outlines sound agronomic practices and integrated weed management programs designed to optimise the performance of TT-Canola. It is advised that consultation on IWM be undertaken with an accredited agronomist prior to use of SIMANEX 600 SC on TT-Canola.

MIXING

Settling may occur after storage for some weeks. Stir product or invert container several times before opening. Pour the flowable into the spray vat through a strainer to remove any dry particles or flakes, which can occasionally occur under hot storage conditions.

Add the full quantity of SIMANEX 600 SC to the partly-filled spray tank while agitating. Fill tank and agitate to ensure thorough mixing. Continue agitation while spraying. Agitate vigorously from the bottom if allowed to stand. Re-seal part-used container immediately.

COMPATIBILITY

Simanex 600 SC is compatible with atrazine, Prometrex® and Trilogy®. It can also be applied with Spraytop® 250, Reglone*, Non-Residual Herbicide, Wipe-Out®, Spinnaker*, Diuron Flowable and Wetspray®, provided the mixture is agitated.

When mixing with Glyphosate, in order to avoid antagonism, add crystalline ammonium sulphate according to the directions on the Glyphosate label.

TT-CANOLA: APPLICATION

DO NOT apply to TT-Canola by aircraft. Apply only with a low boom sprayer with a 60 m buffer zone downwind of treated fields to natural or impounded lakes or dams, and a 20 m buffer zone for any well, sink hole, intermittent or perennial stream.

Apply only to areas where run-off is unlikely to occur or where run-off may be captured by farm earthworks.

PRECAUTIONS

Re-entry Period: DO NOT enter treated area until spray has dried.

PROTECTION OF CROP, NATIVE AND NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

DO NOT spray foliage or desirable plants. DO NOT make more than 2 applications during any 1 year in almonds, apples, asparagus, berry fruit, citrus, gladioli, hops, pears, roses and vineyards.

DO NOT use near newly planted shrubs, young ornamentals and species with shallow surface roots.

DO NOT plant crops other than those recommended on this label for at least 9 months following treatments of this product at rates up to 3.8 L/ha. When rates exceed 3.8 L/ha, plantings may not be possible for very long periods afterwards. Avoid deep cultivation of asparagus, berry fruit, hops, orchards, roses and vineyards which may throw untreated soil over sprayed areas as this may seriously reduce weed control. Heavy rain following application prior to emergence may cause damage to chickpeas.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT apply this product within 60 m of natural or impounded lakes or dams.

DO NOT use in channels where roots of desirable plants may extend. Wash sprayer thoroughly with clean water after use.

DO NOT contaminate dams, waterways or drains with chemical or used containers. This product is very highly toxic to algae and aquatic macrophytes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Store in the closed, original container in a well-ventilated area as cool as possible, out of direct sunlight. This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the *drumMUSTER* logo visible. Triple or pressure rinse container for disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Dispose of the rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Wash outside of the container and the cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any *drumMUSTER* collection or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced but may be taken separately. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the container below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126.

MSDS

Additional information is listed in the material safety data sheet (MSDS). A material safety data sheet for SIMANEX 600 SC is available from FARMOZ on request. Call Customer Service on (02) 9431 7800.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of FARMOZ SIMANEX 600 SC Herbicide being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no warranty expressed or implied is given by FARMOZ Pty. Ltd., regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and FARMOZ Pty. Ltd. accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever from the use of this product.

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NOT A DANGEROUS GOOD ACCORDING TO THE AUSTRALIAN DANGEROUS GOODS (ADG) CODE.

PACK SIZE: 20 L, 200 L